



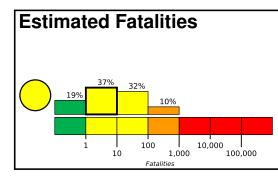
ANSSIMM

PAGER Version 5

Created: 1 day, 0 hours after earthquake

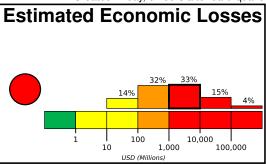
M 7.0, 129 km WNW of Aykol, China

Origin Time: 2024-01-22 18:09:04 UTC (Tue 00:09:04 local) Location: 41.2689° N 78.6490° E Depth: 13.0 km



Red alert for economic losses. Extensive damage is probable and the disaster is likely widespread. Estimated economic losses are less than 1% of GDP of China. Past events with this alert level have required a national or international level response.

Yellow alert for shaking-related fatalities. Some casualties are possible.



Estimated Population Exposed to Earthquake Shaking

ESTIMATED POPULATION EXPOSURE (k=x1000)		_*	340k*	8,300k	2,965k	177k	49k	1k	0	0
ESTIMATED MODIFIED MERCALLI INTENSITY		I	11-111	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X+
PERCEIVED SHAKING		Not felt	Weak	Light	Moderate	Strong	Very Strong	Severe	Violent	Extreme
POTENTIAL	Resistant Structures	None	None	None	V. Light	Light	Moderate	Mod./Heavy	Heavy	V. Heavy
DAMAGE	Vulnerable Structures	None	None	None	Light	Moderate	Mod./Heavy	Heavy	V. Heavy	V. Heavy

^{*}Estimated exposure only includes population within the map area.

Population Exposure

Structures

Overall, the population in this region resides in structures that are vulnerable to earthquake shaking, though resistant structures exist. The predominant vulnerable building types are adobe block and log construction.

population per 1 sq. km from Landscan 77. Kapshagay 79.2°E Balykchy Bozidur Narvn At-Bashi Yingba≥ha Aykol

Historical Earthquakes

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	Date	Dist.	Mag.	Max	Shaking
	(UTC)	(km)		MMI(#)	Deaths
	1996-03-19	220	6.3	VII(11k)	24
	2003-12-01	237	6.0	VIII(6k)	11
	2003-02-24	230	6.3	VIII(3k)	261

Selected City Exposure

from GeoNames.org MMI City Population VII Yamansu ۷I Akgi <1k۷I Yengiawat <1k ۷I Saparbay <1kV١ Yimamu <1k V١ Wushi <1k340k Aksu **Almaty** 2,001k IV Karakol 70k

Naryn bold cities appear on map.

Kashgar

I۷

IV

(k = x1000)

275k

52k

PAGER content is automatically generated, and only considers losses due to structural damage. Limitations of input data, shaking estimates, and loss models may add uncertainty.